

命令模式

SUBTITLE [text]

Defines a subtitle to be displayed at the top of subsequent pages of output, either as a single text line or starting a multi-line subtitle if no parameter is present.

定义显示在后续页面顶部的副标题，如果无参数指定可以为一行或多行文字。

SUBTITLE OFF

Turns off the current subtitle so that no subtitle will be displayed on subsequent pages.

关闭当前副标题，后续页面将不显示副标题。

参数说明

text

The text of a single line which is to appear as a subtitle.

副标题文本内容。

Multi-line subtitles:

Up to five lines may be included in a subtitle definition. To have a subtitle of more than one line, the SUBTITLE command must appear without a parameter and be followed immediately by 1 to 5 NOTE commands (beginning with a back slash) which are then interpreted as a subtitle definition.

副标题最多可以定义 5 行文字。如果副标题多于一行，SUBTITLE 命令不要附加任何的参数，下面紧随反斜线“\”开头的 1 到 5 副标题内容说明。

Operation

操作

When a new subtitle definition is received, it replaces any current subtitle definition. The subtitle does not actually appear on the output until a new page is started. The SUBTITLE command must be issued before the first page on which it is to appear has been started. SUBTITLE may be used before an output device is specified in order to have the subtitle appear on the first page.

当定义完新的副标题后，它会取代当前使用的副标题。副标题直到新的页面开始才会在输出中显示。SUBTITLE 命令必须在显示此副标题的第一页前面运行。为使第一页就显示副标题，SUBTITLE 命令可以放在输出设备（WRITE, REPORT, DISK, etc）前面运行。

If the last character on a subtitle line is a back slash (\), it causes that line to be centered horizontally on the page (the back slash is not displayed).

如果副标题的最后一字符为反斜线“\”，那么副标题会水平居中，反斜线“\”不会显示。

When the multiple-line form of SUBTITLE is used, the following NOTE commands form the subtitle. Any other command - including a blank line - marks the end of the subtitle definition. Multiple leading back slashes are not recognized as they are in the NOTE command; neither are control characters or the color control numbers.

当使用多行副标题时，下面的命令 `NOTE` 和其它命令组成副标题，包括空行，表示副标题定义的完成。因为在命令 `NOTE` 中，副标题开头的反斜线，控制符或颜色控制代码不会被识别。

Styled text in subtitle lines may be specified using `{+b}` for bold, `{+i}` for italic, `{+u}` for underlining, and `{+d}` for double-size. The style remains in effect until the end of the subtitle line or until corresponding `{-b}`, `{-i}`, `{-u}`, or `{-d}` is encountered.

副标题的文字格式可以使用参数`{+b}`（粗体），`{+i}`（斜体），`{+u}`下划线，和`{+d}`双倍字号来控制。在副标题文本结束前或遇到参数`{-b}`，`{-i}`，`{-u}`或`{-d}`前，设定的文本格式保持有效。

Issuing `SUBTITLE` in any of its forms sets the predefined variable `PAGES` to zero.

任何形式的运行命令 `SUBTITLE` 使之前定义的变量 `PAGES` 为 0。

Display Output

显示输出

The subtitle appears on disk and printer output (but not on the screen) whenever a new page is begun.

当新页开始时，副标题会显示在输出文件中（而非屏幕上）。

Nondisplay Output

无显示输出

Subtitle lines appear after the key "HDG=". If centering has been requested by the presence of a trailing back slash, the back slash appears and no leading spaces are included.

副标题出现在关键词 `HDG=`后，文本末端的反斜线“\”会使副标题居中，会显示反斜线“\”但不显示开头的空格。

Examples

样例

Defining a one-line subtitle to be centered under the regular title:

主标题下定义单行副标题，并使其居中：

```
SUBTITLE = Condition 23-A\
```

Defining a 4-line subtitle (including a blank line above and below):

定义 4 行副标题（上面和下面各包含一空行）：

```
SUBTITLE
```

```
\
```

```
\Condition 23-A\
```

```
\Consumables at 50%, full passenger load\
```

```
\
```

Turning off the subtitle:

关闭副标题:

SUBTITLE OFF