

命令模式

SHELL command [parameters] [/HIDE] [/WAIT] [/LAUNCH | /SPAWN]]

Executes the program or batch file represented by command.

执行所调用的程序或批处理文件。

SHELL OPEN document.ext [/SPAWN]

Opens a document using the application associated with its extension.

根据文件的扩展名，用相关程序打开文件。

参数说明

command

The name of a file (path may be included) or intrinsic operating system command. If a file, it must have an extension of ".EXE", ".COM", or ".BAT". Relative filespecs may be found in the current, library, program, or path directories.

可执行文件（可包含其路径）或操作系统内部命令。如果是可执行文件，其拓展名必须为".EXE", ".COM", 或 ".BAT"。相关文件可以包含在当前文件夹，库文件夹，程序所在文件夹或所指的路径中。

parameters

Information to be passed to the command as parameters.

传递到程序中的参数。

document.ext

The name of a document file whose extension ".ext" is associated by the operating system with an application program. Relative filespecs may be found in the current, library, program, or path directories.

文件名，其拓展名".ext"已关联到操作系统的具体应用程序。相关文件可以包含在当前文件夹，库文件夹，程序所在文件夹或所指的路径中。

/HIDE

Causes the executed program to be invisible. Beware that the program will be left hanging if it requires any user input.

隐藏执行程序。注意：如果程序需要任何用户输入，则程序将停滞。

/WAIT

Causes the main program to wait when the external program finishes executing until a command prompt "shell" window showing external program output is closed by the user.

当外部程序执行完毕后，使主程序处于等待状态，直到命令提示“shell”窗口，外部程序输出被用户关闭。

/LAUNCH

Causes the main program to continue while the external program is executing (cannot be used with /WAIT).

当执行外部程序时，继续运行主程序（不能和参数/WAIT 一起使用）。

/SPAWN

Like /LAUNCH except the given program is executed directly, instead of through an intermediate command prompt shell window. This precludes using /SPAWN with .BAT files or intrinsic commands. The /WAIT/SPAWN parameter combination can be used to execute a program directly but wait for it to exit before continuing the main program.

与参数/LAUNCH 相似，但它直接运行指定程序，而不是通过中间的“shell”窗口。/SPAWN 参数不适用于.BAT 文件及内部命令。/WAIT/SPAWN 参数连用可直接执行程序，但在继续主程序之前，需等待其退出。

Operation

操作

SHELL normally suspends the main program until the external program finishes executing command or opening document.ext. However, the /LAUNCH and /SPAWN parameters cause the main program to continue immediately. In most cases /SPAWN is preferable to /LAUNCH since it does not involve an intermediate shell window. The /HIDE parameter can be used to conceal the external program window.

SHELL 通常暂停主程序，直到外部程序完成执行命令或打开对应的文件。然而，/LAUNCH 和 /SPAWN 参数使得主程序立即继续运行。大多数情况下，/SPAWN 比/LAUNCH 使用更方便，因为前者不包含中间窗口。/HIDE 参数可被用来隐藏外部程序窗口。

Output

输出

Determined by the command.

由具体调用的程序命令决定。

Examples

样例

Displaying the results of the DIR command:

显示 DIR 命令运行结果：

```
SHELL DIR /P
```

Displaying DIR results without the final page disappearing before being seen:

显示 DIR 命令结果，且在看见最终页码之前不消失：

```
SHELL DIR /P /WAIT
```

Initiating a Multi-Body session then resuming immediately:

开始一个多体会话，然后立刻回到程序：

```
SHELL GHS.EXE SECONDARY.RF /SPAWN
```

Opening a document:

打开一个文件:

SHELL OPEN README.DOC

Bringing up a Command Prompt window:

打开命令提示符窗口:

SHELL COMMAND

Launching a program via an invisible intermediate window:

通过隐藏的中间窗口启动一个程序:

SHELL START /HIGH NEWPROG.EXE /LAUNCH /HIDE